



Review and Remember 6

Joints

- 1 Suggest different ways to join or fasten together two:

- | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| 1 chains | 5 ends of a rope |
| 2 pieces of paper | 6 copper pipes |
| 3 wires | 7 pieces of cloth |
| 4 pieces of wood | 8 bricks. |

chains: You could insert a link, or join them together with a padlock.

And how could you unfasten them or take them apart?

- 2 Think of different ways to attach or fix:

- 1 a heavy mirror to a wall
- 2 a curtain in front of a window
- 3 a ceramic tile to a wall
- 4 a boat to a tree on the land
- 5 a piece of paper to a noticeboard
- 6 a wheel to a car
- 7 a piece of metal to a hole in the body of your car.

Action verbs

- 1 Match the verbs to the best diagram. Write the square number.

- | | |
|--------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1 lift / raise Y33 | 14 paint |
| 2 lower | 15 dip |
| 3 drop | 16 pack |
| 4 cut | 17 heat |
| 5 turn | 18 discard / throw away |
| 6 rotate | 19 stack |
| 7 weigh | 20 inspect |
| 8 transport | 21 shred |
| 9 chain | 22 drain |
| 10 lock | 23 bury |
| 11 crush | 24 press / push |
| 12 squeeze | |
| 13 spin | |

- 2 Work with a partner. Take turns to test each other.

- A What's Y33?
B It's 'raise'.

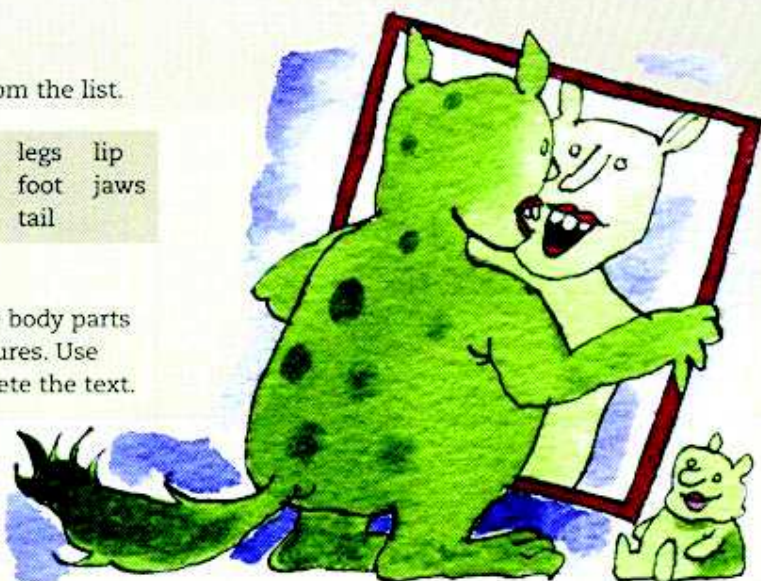
	E	J	Y	I	G	H
3						
13						
30						
33						

Body parts

- 1 Label the creature with words from the list.

bottom neck arms head legs lip
mouth nose back body foot jaws
hands face teeth elbow tail

- 2 We often use the names of these body parts to describe other physical structures. Use each word from 1 once to complete the text.



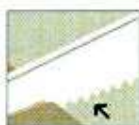
This chair has two¹ and four². If you look at it from below, you see its³, and if you look at it from behind, you see its⁴.



This joint bends in the middle, just like a human arm, so we call it an⁵ joint.



This vice has two⁶, which can grip things.



And this saw cuts with its⁷.



We say we're at the⁸ of a ladder when we're at the bottom.



The thin pointed end of this arrow is its⁹.



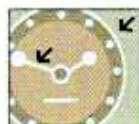
But the thin pointed end of an aeroplane* is its¹⁰. Its¹¹ is at the rear.



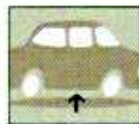
The narrow part of this bottle is the¹² and the hole where it opens is its¹³.



Bottles and other hollow containers also have a¹⁴ at their edge.



This clock has a¹⁵ and two¹⁶ to indicate the time.



And finally, don't forget the word¹⁷. We use it to describe a whole structure or the main part of something, such as a car.

aeroplane BrE – airplane AmE

- 3 Think of more things we can describe with these words.

Examples

the arm of a crane, the leg of a table

- 4 Work in groups. Can you solve these riddles?

Example

What can be right, but can never be wrong?

Answer: an angle

1 What has a neck, but doesn't have a head?

2 What has two hands and a face, but no arms or legs?

3 What has a mouth and a fork, but cannot eat?

4 What has heads and tails, but doesn't have legs?

5 What has a foot but no head?

The answers are in file 11 on page 104.